#### Annex IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Interfund Euro Bond Short Term 3-5

Legal entity identifier 54930098CS0KGYD7J791

### **Environmental and/or social characteristics**

#### Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes X No It made **sustainable** It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it investments with an did not have as its objective a environmental objective: % sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 0.00% of sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the Taxonomy EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally economic activities that do not sustainable under the EU qualify as environmentally Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective It made sustainable It promoted E/S characteristics, X but did not make any investments with a social sustainable investments objective: \_%



# To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The main environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-fund through the Investment Manager's ESG methodology were the following:

• Environmental: climate change prevention (in terms for example of reduction of carbon emission, carbon footprint, climate change vulnerability), pollution & waste prevention (with reference to toxic emissions & waste, packaging material & waste, electronic waste), environmental opportunities (in clean tech, in renewable energy);

• Social: human capital (labor management, health & safety, human capital development, supply chain labor standards), product liability (product safety & quality, chemical safety, consumer financial protection, privacy & data security, responsible investment, health & demographic risk), social opportunities (access to communications, access to finance, access to health care, opportunities in nutrition & health), stakeholder opposition (controversial sourcing, community relations).

Environmental and social characteristics are pursued through the indicators listed in the section: "How did the sustainability indicators perform?".

means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Sustainable investment

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

#### Principal adverse impacts

are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

#### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The indicators used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristic promoted by the Sub-fund were:

• the binding restrictions in the investments in securities that were on the exclusion list as result of the application of the exclusion policy. The Management Company restricts investment in sectors which are deemed to be harmful from an SRI/ESG perspective or which did not follow good governance practices. As an example, the Sub-fund complied with an exclusions policy which referred to: i) the production, maintenance, sales and storage of weapons of mass destruction (WMD); and ii) the extractive activities, production and distribution of electricity connected with thermal coal, the energy source among fuels which represents the highest contributor in terms of carbon dioxide emissions; therefore, issuers deriving at least 25% of their revenues from these activities are excluded. The exclusion was extended to those issuers in breach of the Principles of the UN Global Compact which include principles relating to human rights, labour conditions, environmental issues and anti-corruption practices;

• the weighted average ESG score of the portfolio. To undertake this ESG criteria analysis, the Management Company used data provided by external ESG research providers' proprietary models (e.g. MSCI). The ESG score of the portfolio was A.

#### …and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable, given that no prior periodic disclosure, as mandated by Regulation 2022/1288, has been presented.

#### What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

#### How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

#### \_ How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but no commitment to make investments with a sustainable objective has been made.

#### Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



### How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Management Company specifically considered the following principal adverse impact ("PAI") indicators: Carbon emission (Scope 1 + 2); GHG intensity of investee companies; Violations of UNGC principles and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises; Exposure to controversial weapons (antipersonnel mines, cluster ammunitions, chemical and biological weapons). For government bonds and supranationals: GHG intensity and Investee Countries subject to social violations.

The Sub-fund's Management Company can check the PAI data through a periodic monitoring report, where the values of the indicators can be consulted at product level and, where present and possible, at the respective benchmark level to include this information in the investment decision-making process. However, considering the large variability of PAI data at sectoral and geographical level, as well as their retrospective nature, no thresholds or stringent limits are set at portfolio level.



The list includes the investments constituting **the greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is: 31/08/2023 - 31/08/2023

### What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest Investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
FRTR 0 3/4 02/25/28	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	10.02%	France
FRTR 0 02/25/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	6.93%	France
BTPS 0.95 09/15/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	6.50%	Italy
BTPS 0 1/4 03/15/28	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	6.44%	Italy
SPGB 0 01/31/28	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	6.04%	Spain
OBL 1.3 10/15/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	5.68%	Germany
BTPS 0.85 01/15/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	5.15%	Italy
DBR 0 11/15/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	5.00%	Germany
SPGB 1.4 04/30/28	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	4.83%	Spain
FRTR 0 1/4 11/25/26	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	4.82%	France
DBR 0 1/2 02/15/28	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	4.01%	Germany
RFGB 0 1/2 09/15/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	3.01%	Finland
DBR 0 1/4 02/15/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	2.51%	Germany
RAGB 0 1/2 04/20/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	2.51%	Austria
SPGB 0 01/31/27	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	2.04%	Spain

### What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

#### What was the asset allocation?

In accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy adopted for promoting the environmental and social characteristics, the proportion of the investments that met the ESG criteria (in terms of ESG rating coverage) as of 31/08/2023 was 100%, compared to the minimum

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

threshold of 80% of the portfolio (box #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics). The remaining proportion (0% corresponding to the box #2 Other) of the investments (not included in the investments for promoting environmental or social characteristics) should be limited to:

• cash and cash equivalent instruments which may be held as ancillary liquidity or for risk balancing purposes;

• derivatives which may be held for risk balancing purposes and efficient portfolio management but not for promoting environmental and social characteristics;

· securities for which relevant data is not available.



**#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#2 Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

#### In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	Sub-sector	% Assets
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	0	99.21%

### To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Investments in environmentally sustainable economic activities aligned with the EU taxonomy represented 0,0% of the portfolio.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy?<sup>1</sup>

Yes	
In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
X No	

<sup>1</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



#### Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional activities** are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of: - **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.

- capital expenditure (Capex) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

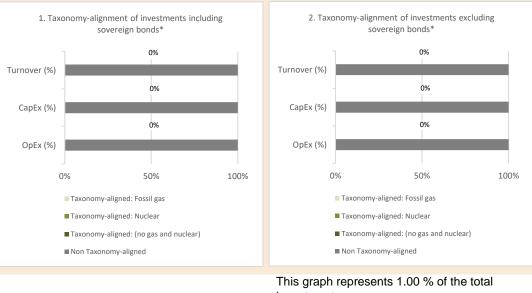
- operational expenditure (Opex) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

are sustainable

investments with an environmental

objective that **do not** take into account the

criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852. The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



investment.

\*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

### What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The share of investments in transitional and enabling activities was 0%.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable, given that no prior periodic disclosure, as mandated by Regulation 2022/1288, has been presented.

### What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable, the financial product does not have sustainable investment objectives.

#### What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable, the financial product does not have sustainable investment objectives.



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### What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The remaining portfolio may also hold instruments not subject to the ESG integration process such as cash and cash equivalent instruments or for risk balancing purposes and derivatives for risk balancing purposes and efficient portfolio management. This category may also include securities for which relevant data is not available. There are no guarantees on the respect of the minimum environmental and social safeguards criteria regarding the investments under the category "#2 Others".



# What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Actions taken during the reference period to meet environmental and social characteristics followed by the Management Company are the following:

SRI exclusion criteria:

Issuers directly operating in the following sectors are not permitted:

• in the production, maintenance, sales and storage of weapons of mass destruction (WMD), i.e., nuclear, biological, chemical and radiological weapons (NBCR), including those which are excessively harmful and indiscriminate as identified by the United Nations Convention on Certain conventional Weapons (CCW);

• in the extractive activities and production of electricity connected with thermal coal, the energy source among fuels which represents at the global level the highest incidence for carbon dioxide emissions; therefore, issuers with at least 25% of their revenues from these activities are excluded.

ESG screening and monitoring:

Issuers characterized by the following are excluded from the investment perimeter:

• an ESG rating equal to "CCC", classified according to the proprietary rating methodology of the external provider MSCI, which contemplates a range of values

going from "AAA", for the best rated issuers, to "CCC" for the riskiest issuers.

• a severe and serious dispute equal to "Red", classified according to the proprietary methodology of the external provider MSCI, that indicates an ongoing very severe ESG controversy (a controversy having a social and/or environmental impact) involving a company directly through its actions, products or operations (e.g., loss of life, destruction of eco-system, economic shakedown affecting multiple jurisdictions).

The ESG screening and monitoring is performed using data based on MSCI methodology.

For this product, which has a benchmark (as set out in the Sub-fund's investment policy), the binding investment restrictions allow a maximum permissible exposure equal to the issuer's weight on the benchmark.

Integration of ESG factors:

The integration of ESG factors is promoted through the selection of issuers in terms of their sustainable performance through an ESG score and in order that the final average ESG portfolio scoring is higher than that one related to the Sub-fund's benchmark.

To undertake this ESG score analysis, the Management Company used data provided by external ESG research providers' proprietary models (e.g. MSCI).



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

# How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable

• How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with

Not applicable

### How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

### How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

Not applicable.